## SENATE BILL No. 373

## DIGEST OF INTRODUCED BILL

**Citations Affected:** IC 16-18-2; IC 16-41; IC 16-42-25; IC 35-42-1-7;

**Synopsis:** Duty to warn about AIDS and related matters. Defines "carrier" and "risk counseling". Relocates AIDS crimes from the Indiana Code chapter concerning homicide to the Indiana Code title concerning health. Makes the reckless, knowing, or intentional failure to warn a sexual or needle sharing partner about a person's status as an AIDS, HIV, or Hepatitis B carrier: (1) a Class B misdemeanor for first time offenders; and (2) a Class D felony when the carrier is a repeat offender. Provides standards to govern when a person has a duty to

Effective: July 1, 1999.

warn. Makes other related changes.

IC 35-42-1-8; IC 35-42-1-9.

## **Simpson**

January 11, 1999, read first time and referred to Committee on Judiciary.



First Regular Session 111th General Assembly (1999)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or *this style type* reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 1998 General Assembly.

## SENATE BILL No. 373

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning health.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

SECTION 1. IC 16-18-2-49 IS AMENDED TO READ AS

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2	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 1999]: Sec. 49. "Carrier" has the
3	following meaning:
4	(1) Except as provided in subdivisions (1) and (2), for purposes
5	of IC 16-41, "carrier" means a person who:
6	(A) is a carrier (as defined in IC 16-41-7-1);
7	<b>(B)</b> has <del>(1)</del> tuberculosis in a communicable stage; or
8	(2) (C) has another dangerous communicable disease.
9	(2) For purposes of IC 16-41-7, IC 16-41-13-7, and
10	IC 16-41-14-21, "carrier" has the meaning set forth in
11	IC 16-41-7-1.
12	(3) For purposes of IC 16-41-35-39, "carrier" refers to a
13	carrier of nuclear waste.
14	SECTION 2. IC 16-18-2-66.3 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
15	CODE AS A <b>NEW</b> SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS

[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 1999]: Sec. 66.3. "Component", for the

purposes of IC 16-41-13-7, has the meaning set forth in



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1	IC 16-41-13-7.
2	SECTION 3. IC 16-18-2-170 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
3	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 1999]: Sec. 170. "High risk
4	activity", for purposes of IC 16-41-7, has the meaning set forth in
5	<del>IC 16-41-7-1(b).</del> <b>IC 16-41-7-1.</b>
6	SECTION 4. IC 16-18-2-275 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
7	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 1999]: Sec. 275. (a) "Person at
8	risk", for purposes of IC 16-41-7-4, has the meaning set forth in
9	IC 16-41-7-4(a).
10	(b) "Person at risk", for purposes of IC 16-41-7-1, IC 16-41-7-2, and
11	IC 16-41-7-3, has the meaning set forth in <del>IC 16-41-7-1(c).</del>
12	IC 16-41-7-1.
13	SECTION 5. IC 16-18-2-319.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
14	CODE AS A <b>NEW</b> SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
15	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 1999]: Sec. 319.5. "Risk counseling", for
16	purposes of IC 16-41, has the meaning set forth in IC 16-41-7-1.
17	SECTION 6. IC 16-41-7-1 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
18	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 1999]: Sec. 1. (a) This section
19	applies to the following dangerous communicable diseases:
20	(1) Acquired immune deficiency syndrome (AIDS).
21	(2) Human immunodeficiency virus (HIV).
22	(3) Hepatitis B.
23	(b) "Carrier" means a person who has:
24	(1) been diagnosed as having a dangerous communicable
25	disease described in subsection (a); and
26	(2) received risk counseling.
27	(b) (c) As used in this section, "High risk activity" means sexual or
28	needle sharing contact that has been demonstrated epidemiologically
29	to transmit a dangerous communicable disease described in subsection
30	(a).
31	(c) (d) As used in this section, "Person at risk" means:
32	(1) past and present sexual or needle sharing partners who may
33	have engaged in high risk activity; or
34	(2) sexual or needle sharing partners before engaging in high risk
35	activity;
36	with the carrier of a person who has been diagnosed as having a
37	dangerous communicable disease described in subsection (a). The
38	term does not include a person who has allegedly committed rape
39	under IC 35-42-4-1, criminal deviate conduct under IC 35-42-4-2,
40	child molesting under IC 35-42-4-3, child solicitation under
41	IC 35-42-4-6, child seduction under IC 35-42-4-7, sexual battery

under IC 35-42-4-8, or sexual misconduct with a minor under



1	IC 35-42-4-9.
2	(e) "Risk counseling" means that a person has been:
3	(1) notified in person that tests have confirmed the presence
4	of antibodies to the human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) or
5	Hepatitis B virus in the person's blood;
6	(2) counseled regarding:
7	(A) behaviors demonstrated epidemiologically as
8	transmitting a dangerous communicable disease described
9	in subsection (a); and
10	(B) methods demonstrated epidemiologically as preventing
11	or reducing transmission of a dangerous communicable
12	disease described in subsection (a); and
13	(3) informed about the person's duty to warn under
14	subsection (f).
15	(d) (f) Carriers who know of their status as a carrier of a dangerous
16	communicable disease described in subsection (a) have a duty to warn
17	or cause to be warned by a third party a person at risk of the following:
18	(1) The carrier's disease status.
19	(2) The need to seek health care such as counseling and testing.
20	SECTION 7. IC 16-41-7-5 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
21	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 1999]: Sec. 5. (a) Except as
22	otherwise provided, A person carrier who recklessly, knowingly, or
23	intentionally violates or fails to comply with this chapter commits a
24	Class B misdemeanor.
25	(b) Each day a violation continues constitutes a separate offense.
26	SECTION 8. IC 16-41-7-6 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
27	AS A <b>NEW</b> SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY
28	1, 1999]: <b>Sec. 6. (a) A carrier who:</b>
29	(1) recklessly, knowingly, or intentionally violates or fails to
30	comply with section 1 of this chapter; and
31	(2) has a previous unrelated conviction for a violation of
32	section 5 of this chapter, this section, IC 16-41-13-7,
33	IC 16-41-14-21, IC 35-42-1-7 (before its repeal), IC 35-42-1-9
34	(before its repeal), or an offense under the laws of the United
35	States or another state that is substantially similar to an
36	offense described in section 5 of this chapter, this section, or
37	IC 16-41-13-7;
38	commits a Class D felony.
39	(b) Each violation described in this section constitutes a separate
40	offense.
41	SECTION 9. IC 16-41-13-7 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
42	AS A <b>NEW</b> SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY



1	1, 1999]: Sec. 7. (a) This section does not apply to:
2	(1) a person who, for reasons of privacy, donates, sells, or
3	transfers blood or a blood component at a blood center after
4	the person has notified the blood center that the blood or
5	blood component must be disposed of and may not be used for
6	any purpose; or
7	(2) a person who transfers blood, a blood component, or
8	another body fluid that contains the human immunodeficiency
9	virus (HIV) for research purposes.
10	(b) As used in this section, "component" means plasma,
11	platelets, or serum of a human being.
12	(c) A carrier who recklessly, knowingly, or intentionally
13	donates, sells, or transfers blood or a blood component that
14	contains the human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) commits
15	transferring contaminated blood, a Class C felony.
16	(d) However, the offense is a Class A felony if it results in the
17	transmission of the human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) to any
18	person other than the defendant.
19	SECTION 10. IC 16-41-14-21 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
20	CODE AS A <b>NEW</b> SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
21	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 1999]: Sec. 21. (a) This section does not apply
22	to a person who transfers semen or another body fluid that
23	contains the human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) for research
24	purposes.
25	(b) A carrier who recklessly, knowingly, or intentionally
26	donates, sells, or transfers semen for artificial insemination that
27	contains the human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) commits
28	transferring contaminated semen, a Class C felony.
29	(c) However, the offense is a Class A felony if it results in the
30	transmission of the human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) to any
31	person other than the defendant.
32	SECTION 11. IC 16-42-25 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
33	AS A <b>NEW</b> CHAPTER TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
34	JULY 1, 1999]:
35	Chapter 25. AIDS Home Testing Kits
36	Sec. 1. The sale or distribution of:
37	(1) diagnostic testing equipment or apparatus; or
38	(2) a blood collection kit;
39	intended for home use to diagnose or confirm human
40	immunodeficiency virus (HIV) infection or disease is prohibited
41	unless the testing equipment, apparatus, or kit has been approved

for use by the federal Food and Drug Administration.



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a Class A misdemeanor.  SECTION 12. THE FOLLOWING ARE REPEALED [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 1999]: IC 35-42-1-7; IC 35-42-1-8; IC 35-42-1-9.	
SECTION 13. [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 1999] A felony or	
misdemeanor committed under IC 35-42-1-7, IC 35-42-1-8, or IC 35-42-1-9 before July 1, 1999, may be prosecuted and remains	
punishable as provided in IC 35-42-1-7, IC 35-42-1-8, and IC 35-42-1-9 as effective before their repeal by this act. This act	
does not affect penalties incurred or proceedings begun before July 1, 1999.	
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